



Year 8	Golden Treads: State t - verb conjugations - cases - word order	he big ideas that will	be taught across the year (<u>Thro</u>	Enrichment: What is offered through the year to support learning in the classroom? - European Day of Languages - Cultural topics		Review and evaluation: Give date for review of the curriculum Sept 2027	
>	Topics	Assessment	Substantive Knowledge	Disciplinary Knowledge	Misconceptions	Key Vocabulary	Knowledge tracking
Term 1	Theme Hallo Deutschland	Phonics/Speaking assessment wk 5/6	Introducing places in town using Hamburg and Munich as examples Focus on genders/ nouns/ capital letters/ singular plural Introducing the accusative case after es gibt / there is for both definite and indefinite articles Asking questions, Gibt es? Is there? Comparing Chippenham with other towns/cities using the comparative Introducing the concept of negative – use of "kein(e)" Introducing modal verbs Comparing Hamburg/Munich with Chippenham Revision/introduction of new vocabulary Introducing the comparative of adjectives in German Chippenham ist kleiner als München.	Using the accusative case correctly Using negatives correctly (there is no airport etc) Asking yes/ no questions Comparative of adjectives Being able to say what activities one can do in a town/city Learning facts about sights in Chippenham and previously existing sights Learning how to compare places Being able to compare two or more things in German	Nouns have genders Nouns always have capital letters in German Word order is different in German - inversion	See Knowledge Organiser for year 8 Number 1 Accusative (gender/article) Word order Negatives Comparative of adjectives	Revision of accusative case from yr 7 ich habe + siblings/pets Revision from yr 7 definite and indefinite article





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	Hallo Deutschland	Knowledge quiz	Learning to use man kann +		Use of "man" being more	Knowledge Organiser 1	
	continued		verb, e.g. man kann besichtigen		frequent in German	continued	
			[you can visit]			Knowledge Organiser 2	
			Introducing cultural event			Modal verbs	
			Octoberfest, what you can			. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
			eat/drink/do there		Comparative in German does	Impersonal pronoun "man"	
					not use "mehr" = more		
			Introducing descriptive				
			adjectives to be able to give				
			more detail about a town/ city				
Term 2							
Term 2			Being able to say what there is				
			in Chippenham and what you				
			can do locally,				
			can ac .cca,,		Preferred use of the present		Revisited in term 4 and 5
					perfect tense in German when		nevisited in term 1 and 3
					describing past events,		
			Christmas traditions in		German has only 3 past tenses		Revisited again in yr 9 and
			Germany/Austria		compared with 6 in English		KS4/5
			Germany/Austria				K34/3
	Was hast du gemacht?	Assessment week in	Introducing the past tense with	Understanding grammatical	Word order is different in	KO 2 continued	Revisited "haben " from year
	What did you do?	class w/b 9 th March and	"haben" in regular verbs using	terms such as auxiliary verb/	German, auxiliary verb in		7, now used as auxiliary verb
		next	"spielen" as an example	past participle/ inversion/	second position, past	Resources booklet for	
				word order/ time phrase	participle at the end	numbers	Numbers 0-31 learnt in year
						Haben + sein	7, now extended to 100
			Introducing other regular verbs			Time phrases	
			hat form the past tense with				Time/clock revisited in yr 9,
			"haben"	Being able to			KS4/5
				talk/understand/ write/read		Time-Manner-Place rule	'
Term 3			Introducing irregular verbs in	about events in the past	Understanding the concept of		
			German that form the past		the 24h clock i.e. 1700 =5pm	Separable verbs	
			tense with "haben"			(fernsehen)	
			tooc with haben		Number in Common of 122	(i.e. ii)	
			Introducing additional		Numbers in German after 20	Inversion after time phrase	
			<u>-</u>		are spoken in reverse order –	inversion after time pinase	
			vocabulary to express past		four and twenty = 24		
			tense activities (food, drinks,				
			reading materials etc)				





			Introducing past tense time phrases and how they affect the word order in a German sentences (Inversion) Revision of numbers to be able to use the 24h clock in German, introduction of numbers larger than 31 Being able to tell the time in German and using time phrases correctly in a sentence			
Term 4	Das Wunder von Bern The miracle of Bern	Vocabulary retrieval tests (ongoing)	Introducing verbs that form the past Tense with "sein" i.e ich bin gegangen/ gefahren Places you went to focussing on "Wohin?" Using different prepositions correctly, revision of accusative case for directions Time-Manner-Place rule and being able to use it correctly Past tense with haben and sein: Able to understand longer texts and recognise the aux verbs and PPs.	German has a certain preference for how to organise information within a longer sentence	KO 2 continued KO 3 Accusative case for directions Time-Manner-Place rule Auxiliary verbs Past participle Imperfect tense of "sein"	Past time frame revisited in yr 9 and ks4/5 all themes
			Introducing a German speaking film – FILM PROJECT Das Wunder von Bern project using past tense and present tense. Introduction to post war German history to understand historical context of story			





Term 5	Mein Körper Body parts, ailments, causes of ailments/injuries	Transcription assessment tbc	Describing characters and events in the film Using Imperfect tense of haben + sein to give opinions of the film and the characters Talking about Easter traditions in German speaking countries Introducing main parts of the body in German — singular/plural revision Being able to express which body part is hurting or what is wrong with me when I am unwell, learning vocabulary concerning basic ailments (colds/ sickness/ aches/ common injuries/ sunburn etc) Linking with previous learning about past tense events to say how these injuries came to be Introducing modal verbs müssen and dürfen to be able to understand instructions about what to do or not to do to recover from ailments	Being able to ask for help when abroad and express what is wrong with you or someone else, aches/pains/sickness/illness/ injuries	Cognates and false friends in body parts Aches/pains, terms for sicknesses	KO 4 Possessive pronouns Modal verbs müssen/dürfen Revisited "können"	Easter traditions/ customs/festivals revisited in yr 9 and KS4/% Modal verbs Revisited in yr 9 and KS4/5 – all themes
Term 6	Meine Ferien Holidays [To be developed]		Being able to talk about future events Talk about popular holiday destinations in Germany/Austria etc Revision of es gibt Revision of modal verbs man kann	Communicating in future time frame to express plans/wishes/dreams/future ambitions	Cultural awareness of popular tourist destinations in Germany/Austria/Switzerland Misconceptions about speed limits, public transport, types of accommodation, currency	KO 5 Future time frame	Es gibt revisited from term 1 Past tense revisited from terms 2 and 3 Future time frame will be revisited in yr 9 term 4 (clothes in future and term 6) And in KS4/5





	Introducing the future tense to		
	talk about future holiday plans		
	TDAVEL project make a		
	TRAVEL project, make a		
	brochure about a holiday		
	destination		
	destination		