

## **Curriculum Plan Spanish**



| Year 8 | Golden Threads: State the big ideas that will be taught across the year (Threshold concepts) Adjectives need to agree with the subject they describe in gender and number. A regular verb can be conjugated by finding its stem and applying a series of endings depending on the subject. |  |  |  | Enrichment: What is offered through the year to support learning in the classroom?  MFL Club European Day of Languages Cultural topics e.g. Bolivia  |   | Review and evaluation: Give date for review of the curriculum Sept 2027   |  |
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|        | Topics   | Assessment   | Substantive Knowledge  | Disciplinary Knowledge   | Misconceptions   | Key Vocabulary  | Knowledge tracking  |  |
| Term 1 | Mis mascotas My pets  Focus on description of animals and using tener / ser accurately   | Week 5 of term 1  Students will need to translate 4 words in Spanish, conjugate a key verb, and complete 4 sentence-level translations                             | -Key vocabulary for pets and colours -Forming opinions in Spanish using impersonal verbs -Higher-level adjectives for describing pets -the verb 'tener' in the present tense -Verbs in multiple tenses: imperfect tense (era, tenía, se llamaba) conditional tense (me gustaría tener) -Complex opinion phrases (creo que, pienso que) -Cultural unit on the Mexican tradition of 'El día de los muertos.' | -Describe pets in detail using a range of adjectives and detailsDescribe both past, present and future pets using a range of tenses -Opinions about pets and animals in general -To be able to describe some traditions and vocabulary associated with 'El Día de los muertos' | - Incorrect adjectival agreement (Las serpientes son peligroso) -Incorrect forms of 'ser' used: (Mis perros es monos.) -Confusion when using verbs in multiple tenses  | -Adjectives -Adjectival agreement -Subject -Verb -Imperfect tense -Conditional tense -Conjugation -Connectives -Intensifiers -Frequency phrases -Plural -Singular -Opinion -Justification -Impersonal verbs | This term continues work begun in year 7 on writing a description about another subject in Spanish. The key verbs <b>ser</b> and <b>tener</b> will be retrieved and students' knowledge of these verbs will be extended to include multiple tenses.  Students will continue learning how to make their language more complex using a range of structures. |  |
| Term 2 | ¿Cómo eres? ¿Cómo<br>es?<br>What are you like?<br>What is he/she/ it<br>like?<br>Focus on description<br>of self and others  | Listening, Reading and writing Assessment Week 4 of Term 2  Students will need to complete a listening about other peoples' pets, complete a reading comprehension | -Comparatives in Spanish (másque, menosque, tan como) -Key vocabulary describing hair types and colour, eye colour and special features -the verbs 'tener' and 'ser' in the present tense  | -Write comparative sentences about people and pets - Describe their physical appearance as well as the physical appearance of others - Write comparatives sentences about  | -Incorrect word order (Tengo los <u>azules ojos</u> .  -Incorrect adjectival agreement (Tengo los ojos <u>azul</u> .) / Mi madres es más <u>simpático</u> que mi padre.  -Incorrect use of the verb 'tener.' | -Comparatives -Adjectives -Adjectival agreement -Subject -Verb -Conjugation -Plural -Singular -Opinion -Justification -Impersonal verbs   | - Students will focus on using comparatives to make their description of others more interesting. Students have learned how to describe others' personalities in year 7 and they will now learn   |  |



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| Term 3 & 4    | <b>La comida</b><br>Food               | and write a text about their pets.  Term 3: Knowledge Quiz Students will need to translate 4 words in Spanish, conjugate a key verb, and complete 4 sentence-level translations  Term 4: Summative assessment: Listening, Reading, Translation and Writing task (40 – 50 words) | -Key vocabulary on describing body type and height  - Key vocabulary related to different types of cuisine - Key vocabulary to describe breakfast habits - Regular –AR verbs in the present tense -Regular –ER verbs in the present tense | - Write comparative sentences about different types of food - Conjugate regular –AR verbs in the present tense to describe the eating habits of themselves and others at breakfast and for dinner (desaynuar and cenar) | - Incorrect adjectival agreement (La comida india es más delicioso que la comida italiana) -Confusion about conjugation: Applying the rules of adjectival agreement to verbs i.e. Mi hermano desayuno tostadas | -Regular verb -Frequency Phrases -Stem -Comparatives -Adjectives -Adjectival agreement -Subject -Verb -Conjugation -Plural -Singular -Opinion -Justification | how to describe them physically.  - Students will retrieve and extend their knowledge of using a comparative by learning how to use tancomo (asas).  - Students will continue to grow in confidence when using and applying adjectival agreement.  - They will retreive their knowledge of the conjugation of –AR verbs from year 7 and learn how to apply their knowledge of present tense conjugation of – ER verbs in order to describing their eating habits in more detail. |
|---------------|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Term 5<br>& 6 | En el restaurante<br>In the restaurant | Term 5 - Phonics assessment  Students will apply their knowledge of phonics to new and unfamiliar words to demonstrate their awareness of   | -Key vocab to describe fruits, vegetable and eating habits in general -Regular –ER verbs in the present tense -Using negative expressions in Spanish (nunca, nada, nonini)  | - Decribe their eating habits and the habits of others  - Improve their knowledge of local cuisine in Spain and Latin America   | -Confusion about conjugation: Incorrectly applying the rules of adjectival agreement to verbs i.e. Mi hermano como tostadas  - Incorrect translation of negative structures from Spanish to English            | Regular verb -Frequency Phrases -Stem -Subject -Verb -Conjugation -Plural -Singular -Modal Verb -Immediate future tense -Prepositions                        | - Students will continue to build their knowledge of present tense verbs and conjugation to give them more autonomy when speaking about themselves and others in Spanish Students will begin to learn the immediate future tense   |



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| sound-spelling  | -Impersonal verbs to vary   | - Order food in a   | as there is not concept   | to order food in Spanish   |  |
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| correspondance  | opinions (me chifla(n),   | restaurant in Spanish   | of a double negative in   | and to speak in a new  |  |
| Students will complete a transcription of a spoken text in Spanish. Students will translate a text on the topic of food and restaurants.  Term 6: Summative assessment – Listening, Reading and Writing | me repugna(n) -Modal verbs (Quiero) -The verb 'ir' and the Immediate future tense -Modal verbs (Quiero) -The verb 'ir' and the Immediate future tense | - use higher numbers to understand the cost of items on a menu - understand how to stay healthy by eating a balanced diet | Spanish: No como nunca la carne (I don't never eat meat)  - Incorrect application of impersonal verbs: Me repugna los tacos  - Omission of 'a' in the immediate future tense: Voy tomar paella. | time frame Students will grow in confidence using the immediate future tense. They will retrieve knowledge of the conjugation of regular – AR verbs in Spanish |  |
| una winding   |   |   |   | i l  |  |